

Report Created:11/3/2016

The City of San Bernardino operates its water system through its Municipal Water Department. Although the City is the responsible entity, its charter and documents refer to the Department as the water entity. The Department provides water service to nearly 200,000 residents, and wastewater treatment for about 350,000 people in San Bernardino and the surrounding communities. The Department is governed by a five-member board of commissioners appointed by the City Council. The DWP conducts its own individual financial statements, independent of the City's financial statements (accessible via the link below).

City of San Bernardino

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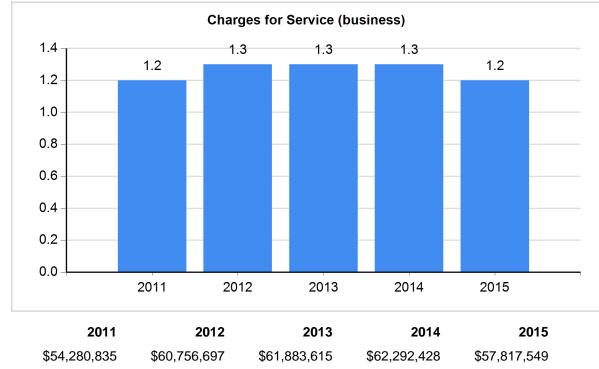
Charges for Service (business)

Description

Addresses the extent to which charges for service covered total expenses. A ratio of one or higher indicates that the service is self-supporting.

Formula: charges for service/operating expenses (minus depreciation)

Source: Statement of Activities; Statement of Cash Flows



2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$57,817,549	\$62,292,428	\$61,883,615	\$60,756,697	\$54,280,835
\$46,851,232	\$48,567,242	\$47,413,413	\$48,555,735	\$45,960,617
1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.2

Agency Response

The City of San Bernardino's revenues are primarily from water sales. Like many other agencies in California, beginning in 2015, the Department was forced to comply with mandatory conservation regulations imposed by the State of California Water Resources Board. These regulations imposed a 28% reduction in water consumption which led to a similar decrease in revenues. These regulations were eased in 2016 and the Department currently has a 15% conservation standard.

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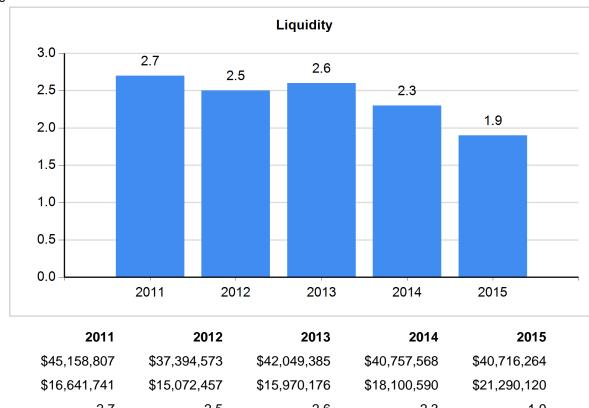
Liquidity

Description

Measures a government's ability to meet its short-term obligations. A high ratio suggests a government is able to meet its short-term obligations.

Formula: cash & investments (does not include fiscal agents, restricted, or fiduciary)/current liabilities

Source: Statement of Net Position



2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$40,716,264	\$40,757,568	\$42,049,385	\$37,394,573	\$45,158,807
\$21,290,120	\$18,100,590	\$15,970,176	\$15,072,457	\$16,641,741
1.9	2.3	2.6	2.5	2.7



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Change in Cash and Cash Equivalents (business)

Description

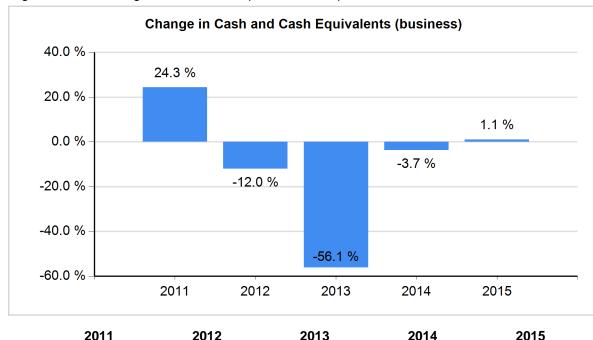
Cash and cash equivalents are the most liquid assets of an agency's assets and can be readily converted into cash. A positive percent change indicates that a government's cash position has improved.

Formula: change in cash & cash

cash equivalents/begin cash & cash equivalents

Source:

Statement of Cash Flows



2015	2014	2013	2012	2011
\$223,603	(\$796,779)	(\$27,682,159)	(\$9,372,278)	\$15,316,952
\$20,687,500	\$21,623,856	\$49,306,015	\$78,314,111	\$62,997,159
1.1%	-3.7%	-56.1%	-12.0%	24.3%



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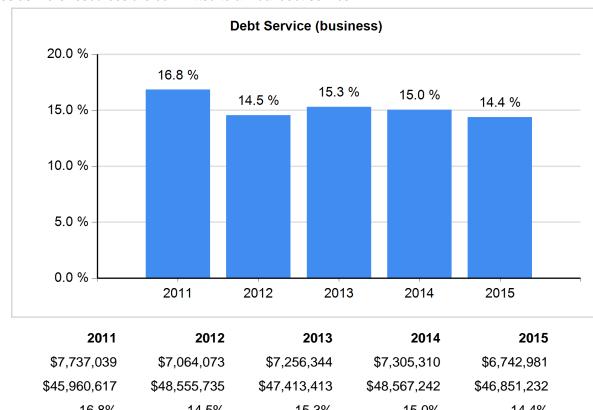
Debt Service (business)

Description

Looks at service flexibility by determining the amount of total expenses committed to annual debt service. Service flexibility decreases as more resources are committed to annual debt service.

Formula: debt service/operating expenses (minus depreciation)

Source: Statement of Cash Flows; Statement of Activities



16.8% 14.5% 15.3% 15.0% 14.4%

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Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) Payments

Description

Monitors whether the agency is able to pay or is paying the amount required to fund the OPEB system as determined by its actuary.

Formula: OPEB payments/OPEB annual cost

Source: Notes

